Material Safety Data Sheet

MAP//PRO ELK-RQ01

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product Name	: MAP//PRO	
Supplier	: HANGZHOU ELK REFRIGERANT HIGH-TECH LTD	
Address	Langkou industrial Park, TaiHuYuan Town,LINAN,HANGZHOU,CHINA:	
Emergency Telephone Number 0086-0571-67391338		
Telephone Nun	ber for Information 0086-0571-67391368	
Date Prepared	JULY 1, 2009	
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.	
Synonym	MAP//PRO, Mixture of Propylene Propane and Isobutane	

Section 2. Hazards identification

: Gas.
: Warning!
FLAMMABLE GAS.
CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE
VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate
container. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation.
Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.
: Inhalation
: Liquid or cold gas may cause frostbites.
: Liquid or cold gas may cause frostbites.
: Acts as a simple asphyxiant.
: Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases
: Not applicable
: A knowledge of the available toxicology information and of the physical and chemical
properties of the material suggests that over exposure is unlikely to
aggravate existing medical conditions.
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Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

Name	CAS number	% Volume	Exposure limits
Propylene	115-07-1	40 - 50	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2005).

Isobutane	75-28-5	10 - 15	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2004). Notes: ACGIH 2004 Adoption TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2001). TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 0 hour(s). Form: All forms TWA: 800 ppm 10 hour(s). Form: All forms
Propane	74-98-6	30 - 40	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2004). Notes: ACGIH 2004 Adoption TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2001). TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hour(s). Form: All forms TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s). Form: All forms OSHA PEL (United States, 6/1993). TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: All forms TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms

Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If fumes are still suspected to be present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or a self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye contact	: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
	DO NOT remove contact lenses, if worn, Obtain medical attention without delay,
	preferably from an ophthalmologist.
Skin contact	: Immediately warm frostbite area with warm water (not to exceed 40.5 C, 105F).
	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly
	clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Inhalation	: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing,
	give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.
Ingestion	: Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give
	anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Section 5. Fire fighting measures

Flammability of the product	Flammable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: The lowest known value is 286.85°C (548.3°F) (Butane).
Flash point	: The lowest known value is Closed cup: -108.15°C (-162.7°F). (Propylene)
Flammable limits	Lower: 2.5% Upper: 12.5%
Products of combustion	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).
Fire hazards in presence of	Extremely flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and static discharge,
various substances	of oxidizing materials.
Fire fighting media and	Do not extinguish due to possible hazard of explosive reignition. Use water to
instructions	cool containers and structures and to protect personnel attempting to shut-off

	flow. Attempt shut-off only if hazard is not too great. Extinguish		
	surrounding and/or residual fires with appropriate fire fighting foam, carbon		
	dioxide or dry chemical media.		
	If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.		
	Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area.		
	Extremely flammable. Gas may accumulate in confined areas, travel		
	considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back causing fire or		
	explosion.		
Special protective	: Fire fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained		
equipment for fire-fighters	breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full facepiece operated in positive pressure		
	mode.		

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away.	
	Use suitable protective equipment (Section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be	
	done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.	
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,	
	drains and sewers.	

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling	: Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat,
	sparks and flame. To avoid fire, minimize ignition sources. Use explosion-proof
	electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not puncture
	or incinerate container. High pressure gas. Use equipment rated for cylinder
	pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from
	physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Storage	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area
	Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly
	secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should
	not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

Section 8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust	
	ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels	
	below recommended exposure limits. The engineering controls also need	
	to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any explosive limits.	
	Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Personal protection		

Eyes	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Monogoggles.	
Skin	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Neoprene and Nitrile (NBR).	
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	
Hands	The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93 : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves or gauntlets complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.	
Personal protection in case	: A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the	
of a large spill	product.	
Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molecular weight	: 44 g/mol		
Molecular formula	: Not applicable.		
Boiling/condensation point	: (760 mmHg): -4135 C		
Melting/freezing point	: Weighted average:		
	-152.55°C (-242.6°F)		
Critical temperature	: The lowest known value is 91.9°C (197.4°F) (Propylene).		
Vapor density	: The highest known value is 2 (Air = 1) (Isobutane). Weighted average:1.47 (Air = 1)		
Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb) : Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	Not applicable. Weighted average: 0.11		
Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb) :	average: 1.47 (Air = 1) Not applicable.		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity	: The product is stable.			
Incompatibility with various : Extremely reactive or incompatible with oxidizing agents.				
substances	Not reactive with metals.			
Hazardous polymerization	on : May Occur.			
	Conditions to Avoid: Elevated tempertures and pressures. Polymerization			
catalysts, such as metal alkyls, can cause uncontrolled polymerization.				
INHIBITORS/STABILIZERS Butanes (iso and/or normal) are added to the MAP-PRO mixture to				
prevent potential concentration of the propylene from reaching				
concentration levels that would render the mixture unstable in case of				

Section 11. Toxicological information

Chronic effects on humans	: Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by : CARCINOGENIC		
	EFFECTS ACGIH [MAP//PRO].		
Specific effects			
Carcinogenic effects	: See ACGIH Carcinogen classification.		
Mutagenic effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Reproduction toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		

Section 12. Ecological information

Products of degradation		: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO 2) and water.
Environmental fate	:	Not available.
Environmental hazards	:	Not available.
Toxicity to the environmen	t	Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.

Section 14. Transport information

 THIS MATERIAL IS HAZARDOUS AS DEFINED BY 49 CFR 172.101 BY THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF

 TRANSPORTATION.

 PROPER SHIPPING NAME:
 Propylene/Propane / Isobutane mixtures, stabilized

 HAZARD CLASS NUMBER and DESCRIPTION: 2.1(Flammable Gas)

 UN IDENTIFICATION NMBER:
 UN 1077

 PACKING GROUP
 Not applicable

 MARINE POLLU
 VIN 1077

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States		
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Propylene; Isobutane; Propane	
	SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.	
	SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.	
	SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Propylene; Isobutane;; Propane	

	SARA 311/312 M	ISDS distribution - chemica	al inventory - hazard identification:					
	Propylene: Fire ha	Propylene: Fire hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure; Isobutane: Fire hazard,						
	1.0	Sudden Release of Pressure; Propane: Fire hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure						
		Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found.						
		Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.						
		Clean air act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: Propylene; Isobutane;						
	Propane							
	Clean air act (CA	Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Propylene; Isobutane;						
	Propane							
	Clean air act (CA	Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.						
SARA 313		, C						
	Product name	CAS number	Concentration					
Form R-Reporting :	Propylene	115-07-1	40 - 50					
requirements								
Supplier notification :	Propylene	115-07-1	40 - 50					
SARA 313 notifications	must not be detached from	om the MSDS and any co	pying and redistribution of the MSDS					
shall include copying and	l redistribution of the notic	ce attached to copies of the	MSDS subsequently redistributed.					
State regulations	: Pennsylvania RTK: I	: Pennsylvania RTK: Propylene: (environmental hazard, generic environmental hazard);						
	Isobutane: (generic er	vironmental hazard); Prop	ane: (generic environmental hazard)					
	Massachusetts RTK:	Propylene; Isobutane; Prop	ane					
	New Jersey: Propyler	New Jersey: Propylene; Isobutane; Propane						
Canada								
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class B1: Flammable	: Class B1: Flammable Gases						
	Class A: Compressed Gas							
	CEPA DSL: Propylen	e; Isobutane; Propane						
	CPR Compliance: 7	CPR Compliance: This product has been classified with a hazard criteria of the CPR,						
	and the MSDS contains all the information required for CPR.							

Section 16. Other information

CHINA			
Label Requirements	: FLAMMABLE GAS.		
	CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.		
Canada			
Label Requirements	: Class B1: Flammable Gases		
	Class A: Compressed Gas		
zardous Material	: Health	1	
Information System (U.S.A.)	Fire hazard	4	
	Reactivity	1	
	Personal protection	С	

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present

unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.